# How Can Co-production Support the Sustainability of Innovations?

Anticipating and Bridging

'Gaps' Along the Way

Co-production with a diverse range of

Anticipating Lengthy and Complex

Innovations often undergo prolonged and

intricate processes from conceptualisation to

path with multiple iterations involving a wide

range of stakeholders and co-production work.

sustained practice. Be prepared for a non-linear

**Developmental Journeys** 

stakeholders-including service users, health and

social care providers, third-sector organizations, and community groups-throughout all stages of development can contribute to sustainability.

#### groups and social networks rather than solely relving on project-specific teams. These enduring networks provide sustained support Sustaining an innovation is an ongoing process, and are not limited by project timelines. requiring constant attention to maintain relevance and functionality. Innovations often rely on external funding, leading to potential stop/start progress. Co-producers can maintain momentum during gaps and prevent stalling. **Engaging in Continuous Co-Production**

**Collaborating with Existing Networks** Identify and work with established community

### Valuing Stakeholder Knowledge

Recognize that the local, situated, and social knowledge of stakeholders is crucial for tailoring innovations to the specific needs and priorities of the locality to better ensure engagement and sustainability.

## Addressing Compensation for Co-Producers

Compensating co-producers financially can be challenging due to institutional limitations. Many co-producers contribute out of altruism and belief in the innovation's potential; appreciate that, and explore ways to acknowledge their contributions that are valuable to them.

## **Respecting Social Capital**

Co-producers who connect communities and research bring valuable social capital from longterm relationships of trust. Be respectful of this contribution and ensure that it is used carefully and not taken for granted.

#### Some examples of co-produced activities associated with sustainability

- Boundary Spanning: Bridging gaps between different communities or sectors. •
- Championing: Advocating for the innovation to gain support. •
- Knowledge Exchanging: Facilitating the flow of information among stakeholders.
- Transferring Ownership: Enabling stakeholders to take charge of the innovation.
- Evaluating: Continuously assessing and refining the innovation.
- Resourcing: Securing necessary resources and funding.
- Maintaining: Ensuring ongoing functionality and relevance. •

Tailoring: Adapting the innovation to fit specific contexts or needs.

Overton C, Tarrant C, Creese J, et al Role of coproduction in the sustainability of innovations in applied health and social care research: a scoping review BMJ Open Quality 2024;13:e002796. doi: 10.1136/bmjoq-2024-002796 This study is funded by the NIHR Applied Research Collaboration East Midlands (ARC EM). The views expressed are those of the author(s) and not necessarily those of the NIHR or the Department of Health and Social Care. www.arc-em.nihr.ac.uk • 🛛 @arc em



